

The Calgary Herald.

Daily published every afternoon except Sunday; weekly issued every Wednesday evening at the office.

CALGARY, ALBERTA, N. W. T.

MURDER AND CRIME.

The Eastern papers have been commenting on the case of one Neill, hanged for the murder of Rutledge. Neill it would seem harbored no grudge for his victim, but he shot him all the same. The question arises, not so much of Neill and Rutledge, as the responsibility of a man slaying another. The law governing the matter is quite simple. Morally, we cannot take any man's life, no matter what the provocation is, but traditional law is a little different. England and her children have little need to blush in the way of a legal standing, and one of the brightest jewels in the diadem of English moral law is that a man committing murder is sure to be hanged. The purchase of pardon is not known in British jurisprudence and we should be sorry indeed to see the day it would. At the risk of being vulgarly misunderstood we may say that "tit for tat" has been long recognised by nations in a barbaric or semi-barbaric state of existence as a code of public acceptance, but in the natural run of things with a country possessing a criminal tribunal of the highest degree the gibbet will suffer. This dogma, or major premise, or whatever it may be called, places the whole thing in a nutshell. Crime is our own doing and we must be prepared to accept the consequences.

THE COMMONS' ADVERTISER.

It is not often we see a parliamentary star advertise himself, but clear the way for Nicholas Flood Davin. Mr. Davin is a lecturer, and no doubt a good one, and his recent achievement in the lecturing line it would appear has been in Montreal. According to Mr. Davin's own account he was the "brilliant lecturer" of the occasion, and he carried his audience with him from beginning to end. Further on we are told what Canadians most require is the faith in themselves and the pride in their country to make them loyal, and—to coin a word—inteporous. Mr. Davin, we are told, did not say all he did intend to say but he inspired his hearers with the feeling that it was men like him who made a country great. Well, we believe in making a country "great," but we are obtuse enough to understand that egotism will never make Canada "great." There are some very important matters we would like to see settled in the Northwest and if Mr. Davin, M. P., helps us to settle them our thanks will be pleasantly laid at his feet. We hope he will give us a hearing—if we can hope to ask such a small favor—but the hearing is to battle for the interest of the Territories. We want to see monopoly settled for instance, and we suppose Calgary folks would like to see the notorious liquor question put all right, and if Mr. Nichol's should help us in these regards we would have particular faith in him. Advertising such as this is what we are after.

NATIONAL PARK LIFE.

In this age of progress and march of civilization. No community can long afford to be without that great indicator of intelligence and refinement, the newspaper. A little more than four years ago what was then thought to be a wonderful feat was accomplished by the pioneer paper man of the west, Mr. T. B. Braden, of Calgary, namely the issuing of a small weekly paper. What changes have taken place. What expansion of newspaper enterprise in that short period. And now we have to chronicle another stride in the same line of work. Messrs Isaac Hunter and Charles B. Halpin, two young men of energy, ability, and good business habits, who have been on the CALGARY HERALD staff for some time, have already shipped a press and complete outfit for starting a weekly paper under the above name at the famous National Park (Band), in the Rocky Mountains, on the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway. This will be the first journal published in the Canadian Rocky Mountains proper. There being no newspaper printed between Calgary and Kamloops, B. C., it seems to us we can see some of those eastern and lofty peaks which lift their heads in imperial grandeur till they pierce the blue vault of heaven, looking down with insulted pride on this adventurous youth endeavoring to invade their domain and publish to the world the mysteries and glories of that master piece of the handiwork of the Great Architect of the universe which remained unrecorded for untold ages before Adam

sent into the apple business in the garden of Eden. The rush of people to this fashionable and veritable Bethesda which is sure to take place as soon as the C. P. R. hotel is finished, and the other improvements completed which the Government are making, and the increasing population at Anthracite, will make a newspaper one of the essentials of the National Park. The first number of the Life will appear in about two weeks. Mr. Halpin left for his future place of business by last night's Express. We wish them all the success which their courage and enterprise deserve.

FISHING EXTRAORDINARY.

Chamberlain is said to be caught in loves meshes. Scotland yard detectives outwitted by Cupid. The greatest care is said to have been taken by the British authorities in sending the most expert detectives in their employ along with the Right Hon. Gentleman on his trip to the United States, to protect his valuable person from assault or attack, but if our Washington correspondent is correct the noble commissioner has been wounded to the heart, and that as Germany had to go to England for a physician to treat their royal patient, so England's statesman will only be able to find a balm for his wounds in another trip to the capital of the United States of America. Young American ladies appear to possess great fascination for English lords. It has long been a London society secret that Miss Chamberlain, of Cleveland, Ohio, had captured a lineal heir to the British throne in the person of the Prince of Wales' oldest son. She was very prominent in court society in London for two seasons. Miss Chamberlain is the recognized belle of that city of beauties, Cleveland, Ohio, and is as refined and accomplished as she is beautiful. Lord Randolph Churchill secured a prize in his American wife, who is the peer of her English associates and is His Lordship's ablest aide-de-camp in his election contests. His oldest brother is also married to a charming American lady who will be the Duchess of Marlborough.

NORTHWEST GOVERNMENT.

Despatches from Ottawa assure us that the question of Northwest Government has been engaging the attention of Sir John A. Macdonald and his Ministers for the past week or two. The croaking organs of the West have already placed a pessimistic face on things, but we have authority to assure our readers nothing will be framed in the new bill antagonistic to the feelings of Western Canada. The Dominion Government are being charged with denying us proper representation for three years. This is not so. There is a comprehensive measure of self-government for the Territories being framed by the Territories' best friends and we have no doubt of the results of good legislation. We have every respect for the "appointed" members of the Council, but we must say their day is on the wane. Modern civilization demands we be governed by representation, and no man at Ottawa knows the interests of the Northwest better than Sir John A. Macdonald and the Hon. Thos. White.

The quotation is classic in its origin "That there is many a slip between the cup and the lip," and we are rather forcibly reminded of the fact by our telegram regarding the Emperor William's death. As we pointed out in our editorial a day or two ago there was little to grieve in the Crown Prince's illness outside of that natural sympathy we feel for suffering humanity. The dead Emperor's son is—now at least—alive and he who had built his hopes as the heir of being the Great Frederick's descendant has seen his aged father cast on the shoreless ocean of eternity. Germany will suffer none the less. Its policy and its principles are good, and surely a young man, twenty-nine years old, raised under the wing of the German Chancellor ought to be able to hold the fort.

It is somewhat laughable to read some of the manufactured European telegrams. The Porte, we are gravely informed, has acceded to the demands of Russia and notified Prince Ferdinand that the position he now holds in Bulgaria is illegal. But the best of it all is "that it is considered so by Turkey." History tells us that after the sanctimonious Turk had been chased from the gates of Vienna by Sobiesko he lost caste. And political records also inform us that Mahomet's descendants count little in the European chessboard except as inferior movers. The Porte's "notification to Prince Ferdinand" is good-looking in print, but very poor out of it. The reign of the Sultans is rather shabby in Europe, and were it not for England, the Sick Man's existence was a question of weeks. This is really how the thing stands.

SADDLERY

Saddlery Hardware.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

A -- FULL -- LINE

JUST RECEIVED

ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

FOR CASH.

GEO. MURDOCH.

PIONEER SADDLER

Atlantic ave. opposite C. P. R. Depot

JAS. BANNERMAN

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

DEALER IN

FLLOUR AND FEED.

Labrador Herrings,

Dry Salt Codfish,

Pickled Salmon,

Finnan Haddie.

ALL KINDS OF VEGETABLES IN SEASON.

STEPHEN AVENUE.

AUCTION SALE

— BY —

Fitzgerald & Ellis.

Without Reserve.

Being favored with instructions by A. F. Lambert, Esq., of Fish Creek, we will sell by

PUBLIC -- AUCTION,

ON

Monday, March 12th, 1888

At 11 o'clock, a. m., at his farm on the McLeod Trail, 1/4 mile north of Fish Creek, without reserve, the whole of his farm stock, consisting of cattle, horses, wagons, harness, implements and furniture. Also his farm, being the sw 1/4, s10tp 23, r 1 w 3 on the MacLeod trail, 1/4 mile north of Fish Creek, having farm buildings thereon and fenced. Subject to reserve. Terms at sale. FITZGERALD & ELLIS, Auctioneers, Etc. Stephen avenue, Calgary.

OVERCOATS

OVERCOATS.

Winter has come and on

Overcoats must be

put on

Come and inspect any

stock of overcoatings.

Don't try to freeze through

the winter without an

overcoat when you

can buy one so

reasonably

At the West End Tailoring Establishment.

W. CARROLL,

West End Tailoring Establishment. a13



BEFORE VISITING AFTER

O. H. ALLAN,

BREWER, MOOSEJAW AND CALGARY

Best Quality of

BEER, PORTER, ETC.

IN THE NORTHWEST.

BAKERY

W. : J. : Halliday,

Successor to Fletcher & McIntyre has just opened up business.

BREAD, CAKES, PASTRY, &c.,

Of Superior Quality Made.

WEDDING CAKES A SPECIALTY.

All Orders Promptly Attended to.

FREE DELIVERY OVER TOWN. 127-128

W. : T. : RAMSAY

GENERAL AGENT

Notar Public, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, Etc., Etc.

AGENT FOR THE FOLLOWING COMPANIES

C. P. R. Co. Townsite Trustees. The Canada Life Assurance Co. North British Canadian Investment Co., Ltd. Northwest Coal and Navigation Co., Ltd.

Any number of first-class building sites close to the centre of business from \$50 upwards.

Terms One third down and the balance in one and two years. For further particulars apply to

W. T. RAMSAY, - Townsite Trustee.



S. W. TROTT

has a full line of the celebrated B. Laurence's Spectacles ground scientifically from clear and Pure Pebble or Optical Glass, especially manufactured for the purpose. They are without exception best adapted to restore the ravages of age and to retain perfect vision. They are especially recommended by the most eminent of the faculty. Every pair of Spectacles and Eyeglasses is marked "B. L." Amongst the testimonials will be found the names of the President and Vice-Presidents of the Medical Association of Canada, the President of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Surgeon-General Bergin, Dr. Grant of Ottawa, Dr. Ryerson, of Toronto, and almost every leading Physician in Eastern Canada. Call on the undersigned for book of testimonials.

S. W. Trott, Druggist, Calgary, Alb ta

J. - S. - DOUGLAS

IMPORTER OF FOREIGN AND CANADIAN FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

California and British Columbia Fruit received every day in season. Families requiring large quantities for preserving will save money by buying from me.

FULL STOCK OF GENERAL

Groceries, Canned Goods, Fresh Butter and Eggs always on hand.

J. - S. - DOUGLAS

STEPHEN AVENUE WEST & CORNER ATLANTIC AVENUE AND MCTAVISH STREET.

Dominion Bakery!

V. R.

At the above Bakery will be found the best assortment of

CAKES, & C

In Town. Come and See for Yourself.

We call it Dominion Bakery for this reason. Our Dominion is

Superiority of our Confections over Competitors.

Good Sweet Bread a Specialty, Cakes, Buns, &c., 15c. per Dozen.

THE "YOUNG" BAKERY,

Just West of Fire Hall.

Feb 20-1m

HULL, TROUNCE & COMPANY

Dealers in all Kinds of Meat

BEEF,

MUTTON

PORK,

VEAL.

GAME

and

FISH

in

SEASON.



Wholesale Orders Promptly Attended to.

Special terms made with Hotels and Boarding Houses.

Close cuts on Car Lots

NATIONAL PARK.

From our Correspondent.

The C.P.R. turned on steam today at the new hotel. It is to be opened on the first of May and a big time is expected.

Mr. Jas. Gilmour one of our merchants left tonight for Moosejaw. I do not believe he intends to come back alone. He has more courage than some of our young men who have been away all winter.

Mr. Geo. Irren has the contract for putting up a \$500 Salvation Army barracks.

Mr. VanHorne and party arrived today to look at the new hotel and after "looking" steamed for the east.

The Chinamen are already becoming too numerous in this town and if the government does not interfere there will be war to the knife yet.

When is the correspondent of the Tribune going to Donald again to get on his knees and pray that he may find Saratoga drunk. Take advice, young man, and don't lose another twenty dollars.

Weather beautiful.

We have had a great many of the Winnipeg commercial men here of late taking orders for our bath.

Mrs. Stewart and family arrived to-day from Ontario. They are both looking hale and hearty.

Many of us noticed a great change in the demeanour of Messrs. Frank McCabe, Billy McCordell and Mike Carlin since their recent return from Calgary. A peaceful calm seems to have taken the place of boisterous hilarity. On inquiry the cause we learned that they had become converts to the Salvation Army during their sojourn in your town.

We are told that Frank McCabe in relating his experiences unfolded a tale of depravity that sent a thrill of horror through all those who were present.

We heard that the disclosures made by McCordell and Carlin were not nearly as bad as McCabe's. This we fear was not on account of their less sinful but because of their natural bashfulness that is so frequently found implanted in the hearts of Irishmen. But by the evident impression made on them by two of the Salvation Lassies who materially assisted at their conversion we have no doubt that had they attended one or two more meetings they would have been brought to as sincerely penitent a frame as Frank McCabe.

A Bride's Ingenuity.

[The following letter shows the ingenuity of a young bride who was obliged to show her correspondence to her tyrannical husband, in writing to a friend.]

"I cannot be satisfied, my dearest friend, blessed as I am in the matrimonial state, unless I pour into your friendly bosom, which has ever been in unison with mine, the various deep sensations which swell with the liveliest emotions of pleasure my bursting heart. I tell you my dear husband is one of the most amiable of men. I have been married seven weeks, and have never found the least reason to repent the day that joined us; my husband is in person and manners far from resembling an ugly, disagreeable, jealous monster, who thinks by continuing to secure a wife it is his maxim to treat as a bosom friend and confidant, not as a playing or a menial slave, the woman chosen to be his companion. Neither party, he says, ought to obey implicitly; but each yield to the other by turns. An ancient maiden Aunt, near seventy, a cheerful, venerable, pleasant old lady, lives in the house with us—she is the delight of the young and the old—she is civil to all the neighborhood around, generous and charitable to the poor. I know my husband loves nothing more than he does me. He flatters me more than the glass, and his intoxication (for so I must call the excess of his love) often makes me, blush for the unworthiness of its object, and I wish I could be deserving of the man whose name I bear. To say all in one word, my dear, and to crown the whole, my former gallant lover is now my indulgent husband, my fondness is returned, and I might have married a prince, without the felicity I find with him. Adieu; may you be blest, as I am unable to wish that I could be more happy."

[The key to the letter is to read the first and then the third, the fifth, and so on to the end, reading every alternate line.]

Masonic.

A grand Banquet was given at in the Masonic Hall Toronto on the evening of 1st March. To Deputy Grand Master, R. W. Bro. R. T. Walkem of Kingston, by Rehoboth Lodge No. 65, A. and A. M. G. R. C. Four hundred brethren from various parts of Canada were present. Amongst whom were ex-Mayor Howland. A square meal was served after which toast, song and speeches followed. A thoroughly pleasant evening was spent.

The Regular Express Train

From the east, due here at 3.30, a. m. did not arrive till about 7 o'clock. More storm and snow in the far east.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you kept awake night or broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. It is also invaluable. It will relieve the painful infant immediately. Depend upon it. Mothers: there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhoea, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Alberta & Athabasca Railway Company will apply to the Dominion Parliament at its next session for an amendment of its charter, giving power to extend, construct, equip, and operate its line of railway from its southern terminal point on Bow River or the Canadian Pacific Railway, southerly to the International boundary, and also from its northern terminus on the Athabasca river, northwesterly to the boundary of Alaska, and to increase the capital stock thereof, and for other purposes. Calgary, December 15th, 1887.

LOUGHEED & McCARTHY, Solicitors of said company.

MILITARY COLONIZATION CO. OF CAN. AEA. (LIMITED.)

Range—North bank of Bow River, west of Blackfoot Crossing. Address—Calgary, C. P. R., N. W. T. Brand—Cattle, house on right hip. Horses, house, or house inverted, on left shoulder, some also with anchor hanging from horizontal S. Horses for sale. Apply to S. S. ROGERS.

PRIMROSE RANCH CO.

Range, Big Lake and Little Bow. Address, Calgary. Brand, same as cut.

THE NEW OXLEY (Canada) Ranch Co. Limited.

Range—Forecounes and Willow Creek. Address—H. Stanley Primrose, Manager, Fort Macleod, N.W.T.

BOW PARK RANCH.

Address, J. T. Cable, Calgary. Range, between the mouths of Pine Creek and High River. Horse brand, same as cut on off shoulder. Vent, same as brand on off hip.

SOMERSET & PICARD.

Range—Elbow River. Address—Calgary. Cattle and horse brand—S P on left for shoulder. J. D. LAUDER.

B. M. GODSAL.

Range, Pine Creek. Address, Calgary N W T. Horse brand, same as cut on the left shoulder. Vent, Cattle, brand sideways on right hip one, same on left hip. 7514

STEWART RANCHE. (LIMITED)

Range—Pincher Creek, near Fort Macleod. Address—Fort Macleod N.W.T. Owners of cattle and horses branded 4 on left hip, and cattle T on connected on left hip. Ear marks—Right ear cropped, left ear underbit. Horse brand—SC on left shoulder. 2-17

BRITISH AMERICAN RANCHE COM. PANBY (LIMITED.)

Head Office, Montreal, P. Q. President, Hon. M. H. Cochrane. Vice-President, Wm. Cassels. Sec. Treas., J. M. Browning. Range—Bow River. Address—Cochrane, Alta. Vent—Inverted C on left hip. Also owners of horse branded monogram JH left shoulder or hip or both.

C. H. GOLDFINCH.

Range, Bow River. Address, Langdon. Cattle Brand, same as cut on left side. Horse Brand, same as on left shoulder. Also owner of cattle branded horseshoe and frog.

INDERWICK & LEATHAM.

Range—Between Middle and North Forks of Old Man's River. Address—Fort Macleod, N.W.T. Vent—Brand inverted. Owners of cattle branded—on left side. Calves—Small fork on left ear. Horse brand—A on left h. p. Horse vent—Same on left shoulder.

WALKERD CATTLE RANCHE.

North Fork, Old Man's River and Beaver Creek. Brands—Cattle, W. H. on the left ribs and calves since 1884 bar on the left hip. Ear marks—Right split, left two undercuts. Vent—W. H. (Monogram) on left thigh. Horses—W. H. (Monogram) on left hip. Vent—W. H. (Monogram) on left shoulder. P. O.—Fort Macleod, Alberta. G. W. Friedle, Local Manager. Wm. Bell, V.S., Clerk of the Ranch. D. McCACHRAN, Managing Director, Montreal.

ALSA RANCHE.

Range—Between Pine Creek and Sheep Creek. Cattle Brand "A I" on Right Side. Horse Brand—Same on Right Shoulder. Vent—Bar beneath the brand. MESSRS. BONE, WRIGHT & TURNER, Calgary, N. W. T. Three Pedigreed Short Horn Bulls will serve a limited number of cows. Registered Cows, 219; grade cows, 5. Also pure bred Suffolk Boar for service. Fees Thoroughbred, \$200; Tailors \$3. Some fine thoroughbreds for sale. Apply—27-w 1-mo.

THE COCHRANE RANCHE COMPANY Limited.

President, Hon. M. H. Cochrane. Vice-Pres., James Cochrane. Sec. Treasurer, J. Browning. Underbit out of left ear of calves branded up to 1885.

THE McHUGH RANCHE CO.

Range Bow River Park. P. O.—Calgary. Cattle Brand same as cut, clip off right ear. Also owner of cattle branded 8 on right shoulder. Horse brand J J on right shoulder. Heavy draught General purpose stallions for sale.

W. SKIRNE.

Range, High River. Address, High River. Cattle brand, same as cut on right ribs. Vent, same of cut on right hip.

W. FODGER.

Range—Little Bow. Address, High River. Cattle brand, same as cut, on left ribs. Horse brand HP on left hip. Also owner of all cattle branded J L on right hip. 8-5

W. I. IKIN.

Range, High River. Address, High River. Cattle brand same as cut on left side. Also some of cattle branded O V S on left side. Horse brand same as cut on left shoulder 158

A. C. SPARROW.

Range, Little Bow and Mosquito Creek. Cattle brand, same as cut on left ribs. Horse brand, left cheek. Horse brand same as cut on right ribs. Vent, same on off shoulder.

BLUNT & HOLMES, High River.

Cattle brand same as cut on left side. Also some of cattle branded O V S on left side. Horse brand same as cut on left shoulder 158

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Cattle brand same as cut on left side. Also some of cattle branded O V S on left side. Horse brand same as cut on left shoulder 158

S. A. RAMSAY,

DEALER IN

Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines.

Full assortment of Sewing Machines always in stock. Full line of oil, needles, always on hand.

Repairing promptly done.

S. A. RAMSAY

Frontier-Stable

J. P. FORD

Proprietor.

These stables, the most commodious in Calgary, have lately been fitted up with all the best appliances for supplying the foremost Livery and Feed accommodation to the public.

Single and Double Riggs always on Hand

Gentlemen's and Ladies' Riding horses always for hire. Horses bought, sold and exchanged. Board by day, week or Month. Reliable Drivers Supplied.

EVERY SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

J. P. Ford.

Calgary Lumber Co'y.

(LIMITED)

Manufacturers of and dealers in every description of ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER Heavy dimension a Specialty. Newels, mouldings, base etc.

WHITE :: PINE :: AND :: CEDAR For finishing purposes. Cedar shingles lath, sash and doors.

Dry - Fire Wood.

OFFICE & YARD, Atlantic Ave., West.

SOULES AND YORK

DEALERS IN

BEEF, PORK,

Mutton.



Veal, &c.

ALL KINDS.

FISH AND GAME

IN SEASON.

Meats Delivered to all Parts of the City

FREE.

The Calgary Herald.

EMIGRATION AND EMIGRANTS.

The relief for the distress among the working classes of Great Britain has for a long time become a social problem seriously engaging the attention of England's statesmen and thinkers. The other day Earl Compton's committee waited upon Lord Salisbury who was forced to admit that a great part of the distress in London and other large British cities was due to the influx of workmen from the country districts, and the immigration of pauper foreigners from abroad. The practicability of restricting the immigration of pauper foreigners and the question of State aid to emigration were doubted, the economic difficulty and the financial difficulty staring the statesman in the face his lordship believing that economic principles exist for the benefit of the nation, not the nation for the exemplification of economic principles. However, the congestion of the British labor market demands to a great extent that English statesmen grapple vigorously with a subject that has for years been the bugbear of successive governments. To any attempt of the State to organize voluntary emigration, the Trades Unionists, it is said would not object, but at no meeting of workmen throughout the country could a resolution be carried for the State to assist emigration. The advocates of the scheme for a State-aided emigration assert that the partisan cry of driving away the bone and sinew of the Motherland is altogether disposed of by the fact that under no acceptable scheme would emigration be anything but purely voluntary. There is, however, no use in denying the fact that a great feeling exists amongst the British workmen against any wholesale system of State-aided emigration. We know the Crofters object to being freighted out here by their landlords and the government, and the Irish poor in many instances prefer the poor houses or the graveyards to a compulsory exile. The best friends of the Old Country look on this sort of love for the native hearth as rotten sentimentalism, but love of country is born in us all, and we cannot be too hard on the poor fellows who prefer a barren hillside in the land of their birth to the generous soil of England's Colonies. Professional agitators find it to their interest to advise their countrymen to hold on to poverty and "patriotism," rather than throw sentiment aside and start off for a new land where progress and independence meet one at every section mound. As to the raising of funds to clear the congested labor markets of Great Britain and Ireland we believe it were better that private enterprise stepped in, but the boundary lines between State intervention and individual enterprise must be determined by a wise expediency. Any unnecessary dependence on a government for objects obtainable by private effort is a violation of sound economic law, and totally opposed to political economy. Now-a-days it is only too common to see so-called "reformers" seeking to correct every petty grievance by additional law-making, instead of by the natural road of economy and industry. Certainly, as we pointed out a few days ago, there are reasons why many Old Countrymen should not think of taking chances in a pioneer land, but again poverty is no crime and a man coming here with a good constitution, even an empty pocket and lots of "hand," is often better than the unambitious spendthrift with a few thousand dollars. Somebody wrote that "To a close-shorn sheep God gives wind by measure," and thousands of Canadian immigrants now wealthy arrived a few years ago on our shores without a dollar to their names. The poor of London would not be so helpless today if a misapplied charity had not sown in them the elements of dependence and degradation. When men once get into the habit of leaning on opportunities outside of themselves they are injured and the State should be cautious in its appropriations to charities. Lord Salisbury knows well what he is doing and if he sees fit to recommend a State appropriation no doubt he will be happy to do so. He evidently wants private enterprise to step in and there are millions of pounds today in England that might be well spared to assist a desirable class of men and women to emigrate. The charities and soup houses of Europe have made millions of poor souls diseased, aged, helpless and impotent, and quite unfit to be transplanted to an independent pioneer country. Charity is the grandest of virtues, but a misapplied charity can never develop true manhood and independence. This is a dictum axiomatic in character.

N. W. F. DETECTIVE FORCE.

We understand that the Government have decided to go on with the organization of a detective branch of the above force, as we noted some time ago, and that the arrangements will be complete in about two months. No doubt the very best men will be selected from the force for this important part of the service.

LITERARY.

The lovers of Shakespeare, whose faith in the great dramatist of Stratford-on-Avon, of whom Dr. Adam Clark said "no other man had so accurately described the inmost workings of the human soul," whose faith in the identity of Shakespeare and the authorship of his matchless plays, through the efforts of modern iconoclasts, to prove that the writings of this peerless genius were only pork, no Bacon, we mean, will receive comfort from the fact that in the old Guildhall of Stratford there has been discovered a walled up room in which there were found over 4,000 documents dating from three years before Shakespeare was married in 1582, on through from the time of Elizabeth to Queen Ann. These papers will throw a flood of light on the somewhat obscure life of Shakespeare, and squelch the fool who would have us believe that Shakespeare never lived, and if he did live never wrote, and if he did ever write, only wrote the thoughts of other men. What about your cipher business, now?

DEATH OF EMPEROR WILLIAM.

The death of the late Emperor has more significance for British subjects who have any desire to see the children of our beloved Queen occupy high and independent positions. Now that the sad truth has settled down on all minds that the Crown Prince of Germany, who is the husband of Queen Victoria's eldest daughter, cannot live but a very short time at best, than if he had the prospect of living out the ordinary allotted life of men. There is great wealth connected with the throne of Germany, and as the consequence of the Crown Prince outliving his father, he will come into the possession of large estates which will fall to the Queen's daughter at the death of her husband. Had the Emperor outlived his son these properties would at his death have passed to the Crown Prince's son leaving the Queen's daughter comparatively poor. When it was announced some weeks ago that the Emperor, in view of his failing health and the absence of the Crown Prince for treatment abroad, had appointed his grand-son to act in the capacity of Emperor, we thought perhaps by some process the Princess Royal of England and Prussia might lose her fortune, but from the text of the Imperial decrees appointing Prince William there does not seem to be any danger of the Princess Royal losing the property, now that her husband has outlived the Emperor. The decree is as follows: "Considering the uncertain state of my health which compels me to temporarily abstain from transacting the affairs of state, and the new illness and prolonged absence of my son, Frederick William, the Crown Prince, I charge your Royal Highness (Princess William) with all cases where I believe my representation to be necessary in current government business, especially in the signing of orders, without a special order being requisite on each separate occasion."

DUTY.

Mr. Mills, chairman of Ways and Means committee, at Washington, says that between 200 and 300 articles on which duty is now paid will be placed on the free list and the estimated reduction in revenue will amount to \$55,000,000. As the American government had about \$100,000,000 too much revenue last year, they will have \$45,000,000 too much money this year, unless there should be a large reduction in Internal Revenue, of which there is no definite notice given yet. Poor fellows, what a bother it must be to have so much money and no use for it, and yet they do not propose to take the duty off fish. Oh, no, just squeeze the poor Canuck as tight as you can. Well, if they persist in refusing to allow our fishermen to sell in their markets without a complete surrender to our manhood and nationality, we will be obliged to point out a way of escape, just as we did when the Americans gave us notice of the abrogation of the Elgin Reciprocity Treaty more than 20 years ago. A cry was then raised by weak-kneed Canadians that we were commercially undone, that we could find no market for the coarse grains of Ontario and Quebec. We then pointed out through the press that the abrogation of the treaty would be the making of Canada; that if thrown on our own resources and a market denied us for coarse grain, would have to go into stock raising, feed-

ing up our grain, making cheese and butter for the English market and send fat live stock to Liverpool. This proposition brought sneer and ridicule down on us. But what has been the result? Every reading Canadian knows a result such as the most sanguine never dreamt of has taken place. We hold that Canadians are not at all so dependent on the American market for a place to dispose of their fish as some would frighten us into believing. We will take up this matter again. In the meantime we note further that Mr. Mills says the duty will be taken off lumber, but whether he intends to make an exception against Canada, as was threatened some time ago if we did not yield to all their demands on the fish question, he does not say. But as the President and Secretary Bayard say they got all claimed, perhaps they will not now make a special exception against Canada. The admission of our coarse lumber free into the United States would be a benefit to Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, and British Columbia, simply because it is of too low a value to bear the freight it costs to transport it to more distant markets. We notice that copper is to go on the free list. The throwing open of the United States copper market to Canada would no doubt be a benefit to us, especially till we get smelters in operation. The deposits of copper ore at Sudbury Junction, on the C. P. R., at the Bruce mines on the Georgian Bay, and in the Rocky Mountains west of Calgary, are sufficient to supply a large portion of the world's consumption. One good will come to the consumers in the States from the reduction of duty on some leading articles like sugar and copper. It will have the effect of breaking up the combines or trusts as they call them. It is to be hoped that breaking the sugar trust there will have the effect of bursting the unholy combination in Canada. The intention of the N. P. was to protect legitimate business and not to foster such combines. If the sugar trusts of the United States are broken up the price in Canada is almost sure to come down to a normal figure, and we hardly think Sir John will raise the duty to help the refineries to maul the people.

OUR OWN COUNTRY.

We take our editorial this morning from the "Financial World," a paper of considerable standing amongst the high class and moneyed interests of England. We quite agree with the editor that emigration is undoubtedly a subject which concerns England with its teeming population, more than any country in the world. It is certainly true that Britain—that land of historic glory—with her enormous surpluses of people finding life little better than a hard struggle for existence, looks at present to some of her colonies for an outlet for that surplusage. Emigration at present, it is said, has become a leap in the dark, but this is not the fault of our country. The sun never sets on the British Dominions we suppose, but when English emigrants want to emigrate they generally get into a big boat for the Cape or Australia; lands no doubt that in time will be good, but at present cannot compare with the Territories of Canada. Well might Capt. Dawson have said at Claridge's hotel, Brook street, that a large tract of land in the Province of Alberta, was the finest in Canada. Captain Dawson knows every foot of the ground he speaks of intimately. Canon Hayman's address was interesting. He is chairman of the New Canadian Crown Lands Syndicate and is particularly interested in the Northwest. In proposing prosperity to the Dominion of Canada and the interests of Emigration he dwelt considerably on British emigration, stating that in 1887, 396,700 persons emigrated from Great Britain. Australia, he said had taken a less number than in the previous year and "Canada held her own." We should think it did and held more than her own, but then English speakers with all their good qualities don't know everything. However, we shall now content ourselves with remarking that Captain Dawson has done a good deal for the Canadian Northwest. He is one of the foremost of surveyors and a gentleman perfectly qualified to speak on any matter connected with this country. We notice the meeting was very happy throughout and broke up with an enthusiasm which seemed to augur well for the future success of the new company. Capt. Dawson is a practical friend of "our own country" and will be always welcomed in Alberta.

POSTAL INFORMATION.

The number of new post offices established in Canada during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1887, was 239, making the total number 7,534, and nearly 2,000 miles of mail route added to the previ-

ous post routes of the Dominion. Nearly 75,000,000 letters and 17,000,000 post cards were carried in 12 months. Letters now go direct from Canada to China and Japan via Vancouver, instead of round by England and the Suez Canal as formerly. An important reduction has been made in the cost of sending small articles by parcel post, under the old regulation parcels by post, both from one part of Canada to another and from Canada to the United States. The old rate was six cents for every 4 oz. or additional fraction of Under 4 oz. the new arrangement the rate now in operation is one cent per ounce, or 16 cents per pound instead of 24 cents. The regulations with respect to fastening packages so they can be examined by the post-office authorities will be such as will enable them to see easily if there is any letter or written matter contained in the package which should pay letter postage. This reduction in parcel postage will be a boon, especially to those wishing to send small articles to the States and parties living in remote parts of Canada where there is no express service. The reduction of the registration fee on money letters going from Canada to the United States from five to two cents will be duly appreciated by Canadians having poor friends living over there whom they wish to assist by sending them a few dollars. The money transmitted by post-office orders in Canada during the year named amounted to \$10,328,984.01. The total amount deposited in the post-office Savings Banks for the same time was \$5,272,041, and the amount remaining at the credit of depositors on the 30th June last, was \$19,107,550.15. This is a pretty good showing for a young country like Canada, especially when it is remembered that the people avail themselves of so many other ways of depositing their surplus change, and the further fact that no larger sum than \$300 can be deposited at once, and no depositor is allowed to have more than \$1,000 at his credit at one time. It had been hoped that the postmaster would be able to reduce letter postage from three to two cents per half ounce this year, but the expenditure has exceeded the revenue in all the Provinces except Ontario, making a large deficit on the whole, so it is doubtful if any reduction will be made this session.

CHAMBERLAIN GETS A SEND OFF.

The Canadian Club in New York gave a dinner in honor of the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain on the evening of March 23, just previous to his sailing for England, at which 200 gentlemen were present. Erastus Wiman, president of the Club, occupied the chair. The guest of the evening was Mr. Wiman's right, and the Hon. Mr. Foster, Canadian Minister of Marine and Fisheries, was on the left. Many distinguished men of New York, Boston, and other trade centres, were present to do the graceful toward Mr. Chamberlain before his departure for England. It was rumored some time ago that Mr. Chamberlain would visit the Northwest before returning home. We presume that State business has prevented him from so doing. This is to be regretted. He no doubt goes home able to tell the British Government all about Canadian fish on the Atlantic side of the continent. But he missed one show well worth seeing by not coming to the great Northwest—the show of winter prairie-fed beef to be seen in the Calgary meat markets. Important as are the fishing interests of Canada, they sink into insignificance when compared with the horse, cattle, sheep and dairy interests looming up in this immeasurable land. The honorable gentleman being thoroughly conversant with business matters through his connection with the Board of Trade of England would have been peculiarly fitted to take home to the Old Country information on which the capitalists of the Empire could rely, not only about the surface capabilities of this great Western country, but in regard to its mineral wealth which only awaits capital for its development to make this country the richest in the world. It is to be hoped that as the irritation over fish is now presumably settled, Lord Salisbury's Government will send the next High Commissioner to the Northwest. The great want of this country has been capital. The great want of England is profitable investment for capital. And yet for want of some reliable connecting link our country's want is unsupplied and Englishmen continue to invest in Egyptian, Turkish, and other trashy securities.

LADIES OF CALGARY.

The lady population of this town will not perhaps feel so much hurt after all by the disparaging statements made about them by Mr. W. S. Cairns, M. P., who is making a trip round the world, when they learn that this British commoner is a sort of chronic fault finder.

From a recent number of the Pall Mall Budget we learn that Mr. Cairns is pitching into the Christian Missionaries at Singapore, India, and the Christian congregations who listen to the preaching of these missionaries. If his estimate of the religious zeal and moral character of these people are no better founded than his strictures on Calgary, the people of England will not be much the wiser from Mr. Cairns's reports of what is going on in the great British belt which encircles the globe. It is a good thing that Norman is on his track.

PROTECTION AND EXPORT.

Twenty-two cars loaded with cotton goods passed through Calgary the other day on the way from the factories at Montreal to Shanghai, China. Very few years ago there was not 22 car loads of cotton goods manufactured in Canada in a year. Even after there had got to be a few factories in operation they had a hard struggle to fight against the goods thrown upon the Canadian market by American manufacturers at far less than cost just for the purpose of crushing out all efforts to make our own goods. Then Sir John came to the rescue with the National Policy under which our factories were protected, not from legitimate competition, but from slaughter of goods. Now Canada supplies by far the largest part of the plain cotton goods used at home from Canadian looms at prices far below what the users had to pay when we depended on English and American makers, and with a higher tariff in force too; and not only that but our manufacturers are invading the outside markets of the world in competition with those from whom we formerly had to buy. The population and purchasing ability of our cities and towns are very largely increased, making a home market for what the farmer has to sell, thus building up our own country and cementing a community of interests.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The sculptor, Mr. Herbert, who has a contract with the Quebec Provincial Government for fifty statues of Canadian statesmen to be placed in the new Parliament buildings at Quebec City, for which he was to receive \$800 each, says that figure won't pay and wants \$200 additional for each bust. It is all right if Quebec don't get "busted" by such expenditures.

By the recent death of Alex. Robertson, Esq., of Belleville, who was M. P. for West Hastings, St. Andrews Church, at Belleville, lost a liberal and consistent member, but has lost his debt of \$5,000 extinguished through an insurance policy on Mr. Robertson's life. The city of Belleville has lost one of her foremost lawyers and a gentleman highly esteemed by all who knew him. Mr. Robertson has been in poor health for several years.

The Canadian Government have renewed their offer to the Imperial Government of assisting in their emigration scheme by granting free lands, giving advice and all the necessary information to those who will come to settle in our great western country. The Canadian Government, however, decline to guarantee the repayment of money or the collection of interest on sums granted these emigrants by the Home Government to enable them to settle comfortably on Canadian prairies.

A woman of good address and persuasive eloquence, who has been figuring under the assumed name of Mrs. Gordon Baillie, has just been caught in time to prevent a swindle on a magnificent scale being consummated. She posed as the friend of the suffering Scotch Crofters. In this role she went to Australia where she ingratiated herself into the confidence of some patriotic clergymen, and Victoria government officials. She got them to interests themselves in her proposed scheme of settling Crofters in Australia. From there she returned to England, announcing that she had secured large tracts of land from the Australian Government on which to settle the poor Crofters by the sea where they could fish and farm in an earthly paradise. Next in order she began to collect money to send the Crofters to their new homes. The Pall Mall Gazette fell into her trap and boomed her philanthropy which made the money begin to roll in, when Scotch detectives got on her track and spoiled her game. When unmasked she proved to be an expert swindler named Mary Ann Sutherland, who had carried on many swindling schemes to a successful issue in a most ingenious manner. She is now lodged in Calton gaol, Edinburgh, awaiting trial.

Mr. Desharm, an old settler on Piicher Creek, died on the 4th inst.—his birthday at the age of 105 years.

THE WEEK'S NEWS.

Greenway's Interviews—Tupper and Pope III.

Ottawa, March 13—Premier Greenway had an interview with Mr. Hicks, of the Grand Trunk railway, and Mr. Allan, of the Allan Steamship Line, while in Montreal. Allan denied that the Manitoba & Northwestern railway was to be sold to the Canadian Pacific. Greenway declines to speak of his visit to Montreal and says it was his own business that took him there. He is very desirous that Martin should return home at once, as a tone of "bluff" adopted by the latter is apt to prejudice the case of the Province.

Messrs. Tupper and Pope are too ill to appear in the House today.

Mr. Davis was presented with a petition for the establishment of a registry office at Lethbridge.

Mr. Searth interviewed the Department of the Interior in regard to the amendments to the Totten's Act in the Northwest Territories in order to simplify and make it less expensive. His suggestions will likely be adopted.

Mr. Plumb, speaker of the Senate, died today at Niagara of apoplexy. Feeling reference was made to his death by Sir John and Laurier. The House adjourned in respect to his memory. The funeral takes place on Thursday. Sir John will probably attend.

Ottawa, March 10—Captain Corville, of the Grenadier Guards, has been appointed military secretary to Lord Stanley, our coming Governor General. Lord Stanley's eldest son and Lieut. McMahon will be his aid-de-camp.

Ottawa, March 9—In answer to Mr. Charlton, Sir Chas. Tupper replied that the protocols (in the Fishery Commission matter) had been received and were in the printers' hands. He hoped to be in a position to lay them before the members before the House rose.

Mr. Baker, M. P. for Victoria, B. C., will probably be called to the Senate of Canada to fill the place of Mr. Nelson, made Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia.

Ottawa, March 9—The first encounter between Greenway, Martin, and the Federal Government, represented by Sir John, the Hon. Chas. Tupper and Mr. White, with Messrs. Langevin, Pope and Thompson occurred yesterday. Sir John hoped perfect frankness would prevail throughout the negotiations, as he thought it would be the only real way to reach a satisfactory conclusion. It was said this was only a preliminary meeting as the C. P. R. officials were coming up and the matter would be talked over with them. It was suggested that Greenway should adjourn the Manitoba Legislature another week. This Mr. Greenway promised to do. Sir John asked Greenway if he was going to discuss the freight rates with Sir George Stephen. Mr. Greenway said he did not come down to talk freight rates with the C. P. R. He came down to arrange the settlement of the monopoly question. Tupper introduced the Hudson Bay railway question and from the remarks of the ministers said if it was possible some proposals would be made re the settlement question. Mr. Greenway would accept nothing less than the granting of the right to build the railways. It appeared evident that the Government did not make up their mind just then as to what they would do. Further interviews will take place today.

Sir Charles Tupper in reply to the Hon. David Mills said he regretted very much that there was no report of the discussions held by the Commission on Trade Matters between the two countries contained in the protocol received. He Sir Charles had cabled Mr. Chamberlain and wired Secretary Bayard for their consent to make them public for the information of Canadians.

Ottawa, March 9—Mr. Denison, of Toronto, brought up the question of the Government acquiring the telegraph system of Canada. The Hon. Mr. Langevin said the proposition could not be entertained.

Dr. Sutherland, General Missionary Secretary of the Methodist church, urged upon the Minister of the Interior the desirability of increasing the salaries of Indian teachers and employing a better class. He also advocated the establishment of an industrial institution and the conversion of the McDougall Orphanage near the Rockies into an industrial school at Regina.

Commissioner Herchmer says the best feeling exists between the police and the Metis. No uprising is likely to take place. The Metis will ask a number of concessions from the Government.

Ottawa, March 12—Greenway went to Montreal on Saturday and will return tomorrow when another interview will be held with the Governor.

The Liberal members are preparing for a vigorous opposition to the proposal to bring Newfoundland into confederation.

Ottawa, March 8—Messrs. Greenway and Martin will hold a conference with Sir John, Messrs. Tupper, Langevin and Pope, at 11 o'clock today. Messrs. Stephen and Drinkwater have arrived to represent the C. P. R.

Davin and Perley have kissed and made up friends.

Mr. Davis has had a conference with Mr. Dewdney respecting the bill for the new government for the Northwest. The bill has not yet been completed but it is said it will provide for a council of 22, 11 from Assiniboia and 12 from Alberta and Saskatchewan combined. There shall be three appointed members, probably judges of the Northwest Supreme Court. This arrangement it is proposed to extend over three years when the provinces may each be given their own councils.

Ottawa, March 10—In response to invitation Greenway, Premier of Manitoba, and Martin, Attorney General, waited on His Excellency the Governor General, today, and had about an hour's talk on Manitoba affairs. His Excellency expressed a deep interest in the affairs of the Province and will likely use his influence on the side of its best interests.

The Conservative members, Messrs. Ross, Searth, and Daly talked over matters with Sir John Macdonald today and came away feeling very hopeful of a prompt and acceptable settlement being reached. Probably nothing further will be done till next week. It is now reported that Greenway and Martin had a falling out on account of the former taking the latter to task for openly avowing annexation ideas. Both deny the report.

Hon. Peter Mitchell took exception to the action of the Governor General in sending for the Manitoba delegates to consult on Provincial affairs.

Alliston, Ont., March 10—Carroll and Foley, two violators of the Scott Act, were fired upon by constables yesterday and were fatally wounded. The constables were arrested and are now closely guarded.

St. Laurent, March 5—A large meeting of half-breeds was held yesterday at Batteche at the request of Gabriel Dumont, who now resides at New York, and from whom several letters were received lately and read at this meeting. Gabriel states, though far away from them, he has not stopped to work in the general interests of the half-breeds. He says he will only use political means for the amelioration of his friends and in this he boasts he is supported and working jointly with prominent politicians. In Canada there is no excitement but the police are on the alert.

Montreal, March 8—The river has risen over a foot during the last few hours and a serious flood is expected.

Montreal, March 10—The election by acclamation of the Hon. J. J. C. Abbott (leader of the Senate of Canada) for a second term as Mayor of Montreal is giving great satisfaction to the English speaking population and shows the harmony between the two nationalities.

Montreal, March 12—The C. P. R. Co., it is said, will build a house on every quarter section for the Belgian colony near Calgary, on which 300 families will settle in time to begin spring work.

Halifax, March 12—On Saturday night Kate Davidson's bawling was raised by the police, and a quantity of liquor seized. She will be tried tomorrow and the event promises to throw a bombshell into social circles, as subpoenas have been issued to 19 prominent professional and business men, patrons of the establishment, to prove its respectability. Among them are one legislative councillor, one M. P. P., one alderman, two barristers, brewers, dry goods merchants, clerks and others.

Halifax, March 10—Sir John Ross, the Lieutenant-Governor, will succeed Lord Alexander Russell, of Halifax, as commander of the British forces in North America.

St. John, Nfld., March 9—The Dominion Government have requested Newfoundland to join confederation. They ask for a deputation to visit Ottawa to arrange terms. The news has created a decided sensation in Newfoundland.

During the last twelve months about 8,000 people who had left New Brunswick to live in the United States have returned to their old Province. This is cause of pleasurable feeling to Canadians everywhere. No doubt these New Brunswickers have learned that their own Province is not so much behind the neighboring States as Wiman, Smith & Co. would make us believe. The fact is that both Nova Scotia and New Brunswick have made substantial progress during the last fifty years as the New England States and have far greater natural resources today than these States have.

Birtle, March 12—Jones was elected for Shovel Lake by 200 majority. Hamilton's majority last election was 100.

Port Arthur, March 12—Stone Johnson, a section man, was frozen to death last night while walking from Fort William to Port Arthur.

Large workshops and another elevator will be built here by the C. P. R. this season.

Winnipeg, March 8—Mr. Hugh Sutherland says forty miles of the Hudson Bay Road will be built this spring.

Geo. Thomas, a half-breed from St. Peter's, was shot yesterday at West Selkirk by Geo. Moray, an Italian. The bullet entered his breast coming out at the back. The whole affair was the result of a drunken row.

Miss Smith, a daughter of Sir Donald's was married to the son of Dr. Howard, of Montreal today. The wedding was quiet as the bride was unwell. The presents were numerous and costly.

Toronto, March 8—The Interprovincial Resolutions were adopted in the Local House yesterday by 54 to 30.

Winnipeg, March 12—Lord Lonsdale arrives tomorrow and goes to Calgary, thence north with the intention of trying to reach the open Polar Sea.

Pictou, March 12—Dr. Platt (Liberal) was elected for the Commons over McCunig by 170 majority.

London, March 12—Roome (Conservative) was elected for the Commons over Elliott (Liberal) by 117 majority.

The Very Rev. Dean Bommer, M. A. L. D., of the diocese of Huron, is dead. He was born at Hill Hall, county Down, Ireland, in 1810.

Winnipeg, March 13—The assizes opened today with two murder cases on the docket, Murray (Italian) for killing a half-breed at Selkirk, and Newton for killing ingo, the milkman, in Winnipeg about a year ago.

R. P. Roblin (Liberal) was elected from North Dufferin yesterday by 111 majority.

Victoria, March 13—A fire here today destroyed Amos Holden's warehouse, Redmond, commission merchant, Dunwiman and other offices. Loss, \$20,000.

The corporation of Victoria, B. C., had judgment given against them in a suit for refusing to give pawn brokers license to two Chinamen.

Victoria, March 8—A man was arrested last night who tallies precisely with the published description given of the murderer of millionaire Snell of Chicago.

AMERICAN.

New York, March 13—The worst storm ever known is raging here and shows no sign of abating. All the elevated and other roads are tied up. No trains moving; the snow is one foot deep and very fine and blinding. Two trains collided on the elevated road, killing the engineer and literally smashing the engine to pieces. The storm is raging throughout the entire state of New York. Several people were frozen to death.

New York, March 12—A furious storm of wind, accompanied successively by rain, snow, hail and sleet, broke over the Atlantic coast in this section early yesterday evening. Telegraphic communication is entirely cut off between New York and Philadelphia, Washington, Baltimore and other cities.

New York, March 10—The boiler of the river steamer "Rafael Ryes" exploded in the harbor of Cartagena, killing thirty persons.

Denver, Col., March 10—The west bound express on the Union Pacific Railway was wrecked near LaSalle this a. m. by a broken rail. Several were killed and many wounded.

Mitchell, Dakota, March 13—A fire broke out early this morning in the Methodist Episcopal University in this city; there were 40 inmates in the building at the time all of whom, but ten, escaped. Two gentlemen, Horton and Pitcher, lost their lives. Several others were seriously injured. Four young ladies are among the injured.

San Francisco, March 10—Col. J. D. Stevenson, who came to Frisco 40 years ago with a regiment of volunteers, was run over by a buggy this afternoon and is feared fatally injured.

San Francisco, March 12—The Hong Kong mail brings advices of an earthquake which took place in the province of Yunnan, China, December 19th. Cities were reduced to ashes and over 15,000 people killed.

Springfield, Mass., March 8—The new office of the Evening Union, at the corner of Main and Worthington streets, was burned out yesterday afternoon. Six of the employees, including two ladies, met a terrible death, most of them jumping from the fifth story and being crushed into shapeless masses below. Six others were badly injured.

St. Paul, March 8—The engineers on the Chicago, Burlington and Northern Railway struck today because that road would not refuse freight or passenger business from the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy road. The indications are that the engineers on the Kansas City, Fort Scott, and Gulf System will abandon their engines tomorrow afternoon.

The Sentinel claims that a large and valuable mine of Anthracite-coal has been located near Kamloops. Several encouraging tests have been made at the railway shops, and development work will at once be commenced.

CABLEGRAMS.

The New Emperor's First Message. Sullivan Feels Bad.

Liverpool, March 13—John L. Sullivan arrived this morning and rode quietly to his hotel. He declined to see any one and seemed greatly depressed in spirits. He is still suffering from exhaustion. Mitchell's friends are jubilant.

London, March 13—Lord Stanley contradicts the report that he leaves for Canada this month. He will not leave England till the middle of July. There will be a short interval between Lansdowne leaving and Stanley arriving in Canada.

London, March 12—Dickens' Pickwick and the Marquis de Leville made on Saturday a queer mixture in a law case tried before Baron Huddleston and a special jury. The Continental Marquis had employed a window cleaning company to attend to his lodgings, and a workman had done \$150 worth of damage, for which sum the jury found a verdict. The window cleaning company employed Henry F. Dickens, son of the novelist, who brought down the house by calling as a witness John Pickwick. The presiding Baron created immense merriment by saying: "What an appropriate witness to be sworn for a Dickens!"

Mr. Dickens added: "By a still more curious coincidence the witness is a descendant of the Mr. Pickwick, proprietor of the Bath coach, from whom I have the very best reason to believe the character of Mr. Pickwick was taken, and I verily believe that one of the reasons why I was retained in the case was that I might call Mr. Pickwick."

The witness seemed oblivious to the joke. His name was John and not Samuel; he was youthful, spare, angular and a prosaic collector for the defendant. His testimony proved as fruitless as that of the Pickwickians in the Bardell case.

The "Markie"—to use a Pickwickian expression—was in court taking notes, which may turn out to be a fresh poem.

London, March 9—The news has been received here that the great fight between Sullivan and Mitchell took place in France today, and that Mitchell was killed in the third round by being hit a sledge hammer blow on the neck. The report has not been confirmed.

London, March 10—The British barque Tasmania collided with the British steamer Corinth at sea. Twenty-eight lives were lost.

London, March 10—The Canadian Pacific Colonization Company is just registered with a capital of £500,000, in £10 shares; to buy lands in Alberta for settlement purposes. Agents will sail for Canada at once.

Berlin, March 8—The Emperor died at 8:30 this morning.

Berlin, March 13—Emperor Frederick has issued an address to the German people laying down the lines of his policy.

Berlin, March 9—The news that the Emperor was dead created a great excitement throughout Germany today but proved to be premature. He was sinking fast all the morning but rallied towards evening and fell into a quiet sleep at 2 a. m. At that time all was quiet at the Palace and the Emperor sleeping soundly.

Paris, March 12—When the Sullivan-Mitchell fight was over all present crowded around the principals desirous of shaking hands. Although the Sullivan party looked glum they soon relaxed. They said John L. never was "done up" and that it was inexplicable to them. Mitchell was like a cricket. Sullivan's body, right eye and mouth were more punished than Mitchell's, whose right eye and temple received the most damage. Sullivan and Kilrain shook hands after the fight. Mitchell has now shown himself to be a most clever fighter as well as boxer. Excessive quietness prevailed at the ring side and there was the utmost good order and general good humor all around. This was a model mill in various ways. The first half of the fight was good. In the second half the hitting was fierce but waits were absolutely long. This, however, suited Mitchell. The rain rendered the battle ground a mere marsh and this did not suit Sullivan. Sullivan's reputation as a terror is regarded by sporting men as completely exploded. Mitchell took a lot of punishment early in the fight. Sullivan and Mitchell, and most of the participants, were arrested after the fight but subsequently released.

Berlin, March 10—The appointed Crown Prince, Frederick III., leaves San Remo today for Berlin. He has issued several decrees, one in reference to mourning for the late Emperor. Bismarck communicated to the Reichstag in suitable language the announcement of the death of the Emperor and the succession of the new Crown Prince Frederick. The papers state that the last words spoken by the Emperor were that Alexander, Emperor of Russia, has promised me that he will not make war against us. The Emperor also said, "I am convinced that we ought not to go to war with Russia toward whom the most friendly attitude

ought to be adopted." The general impression is that the death of the late Emperor William will have no effect on the affairs of Europe and that the situation will remain unchanged while Bismarck lives.

Constantinople, March 9—Turkey notifies Prince Ferdinand that he must leave the Bulgarian throne. The Prince declines to abdicate at the will of the Sublime Porte.

San Remo, March 12—Emperor Frederick passed a good night. He drove to the station this morning accompanied by the Empress Victoria, to take a special train for Berlin. An immense crowd witnessed his departure and cheered enthusiastically. When the train arrived in Berlin the Crown Prince and Princess, Prince Henry of Prussia, the Duke of Saxe-Meiningen and others entered the Imperial carriage and kissed the hand of the other and embraced the Empress. The route to the palace was crowded with people who cheered the Emperor lustily.

Madagascar, March 12—A dispatch from Tamatave says a hurricane of extraordinary force struck that town doing immense damage to property, wrecking 11 vessels in the harbor and killing twenty sailors.

London, March 12—Admiral Sir Astley Cooper Key, is dead. He was born in 1821, entered the British Navy in 1835, of which he became a distinguished and honored officer, remaining in active service till 1868, when he was placed on the retired list.

Berlin, March 8.—The Emperor's condition is critical. He is now in a comatose state and the end is expected soon.

LATER. 2:30 P. M.

Emperor William has just died.

TERRITORIAL AND PROVINCIAL.

Pincher Creek wants a grist mill.

The average daily attendance at the Moosomin public school is 96.

Sleighting is knocked out and wheeling is pretty rocky at Medicine Hat.

The stage between Macleod and Lethbridge was on runners last week.

The Gazette reports grass green and growing rapidly in the Macleod district.

Prince Albert has two brick school houses, one worth \$8,000 and the other \$2,000.

Mr. C. J. Reach has taken Mr. Struthers' place in the Hudson's Bay store at Macleod.

The Medicine Hat Railway & Coal Company road is a sure thing, says the Times of the 8th.

The Galt mines at Lethbridge ship about 400 tons of coal daily by the Canadian Pacific.

The Dominion treasury received \$450,701 from the sale of lands in Manitoba and the Northwest during 1887.

Brandon dealers are asking as high as 13.50 a bushel for millet and Hungarian grass seed; this the farmers think is too high.

A. C. Stirrett, late baggage man on the Canadian Pacific railway, has accepted the position of principal of the public school at Anthracite.

The Manitoba & Northwestern Railway Company presented a petition to the Ottawa House asking for a reduction from 50 to 25 miles annual construction of their line.

The Courier says the Moosomin Agricultural and Industrial Society intend holding their Seed Grain Fair the 15th. The object is to give agriculturists an opportunity of meeting for the sale or exchange of seed grain. It is the intention of the Society to hold three fairs annually.

Mr. Leslie Brown, of Souris, claims to have brought into the Brandon market the heaviest load of grain ever brought in by a two-horse team. The load was weighed on the city scales. The net weight of oats was 7,150 pounds, equal to 210 bushels and 19 pounds. The Times says there had been considerable betting before the load was weighed, two to one being offered that there were not 200 bushels on the sleigh.

Mr. Alex Mowat is erecting two handsome dwelling houses near the Grand Pacific, opposite C. P. R. Supt. Leonard's residence. The buildings are not yet completed, but have already been leased and Mr. Mowat informed a Sentinel reporter that he could easily rent a dozen buildings at the present time, so great is the demand. McGillivray & Ross, the contractors for Mr. Mowat's buildings, are completing the work in first-class style.—Kamloops Sentinel.

London, Ontario, as a shipping centre for horses is decidedly improving. The Advertiser states that during the last two weeks in February upwards of 300 horses were shipped to points in the Northwest. Great facility has been afforded this branch of business by the attachment of a service of the Arms horse palace-cars on the Michigan Central railroad, which are capable of holding nineteen horses, each horse having a separate stall with all the appliances of a regular stable combined.

OF LOCAL INTEREST.

St. Patrick's Day.

We are informed that a Banquet will take place in Calgary on the 17th of the present month in honor of the Patron Saint of Ireland. We do not know the particulars yet.

The Blackfoot Reserve.

Mr. Magnus Begg is in from the Blackfoot Reserve. He tells us the Indians are all right out there—a fact he need hardly mention, as we know the Indians are pretty well looked after in this country.

Daniel Noyes.

From near St. Albert, 7 miles north of Edmonton, left this morning by stage for home. Mr. Noyes has several teams loaded with goods going out to his place where he keeps a general store and hotel.

Our Indians.

The total number of Indians under the charge of the Government in Canada is 128,000, located on 1,147 reserves. The expenditure by the Dominion Government last year for the Indians was 1,147,724.

Found Gully.

A Montreal jury has found true bill against detectives Fahy and Naegele for larceny and conspiracy. Those are the detectives got onto by a Pinkerton detective, and charged with aiding and abetting robbery and burglary and conspiracy.

Resigned.

J. W. Powers, late on the editorial staff of the HERALD has resigned his connection with this paper and is about to accept a position in the Indian department at Regina, long life and good luck to friend Powers.

Late Train.

The one o'clock, a. m. Express train from the east arrived six hours late in being seven o'clock when she whistled off brakes at Calgary station this morning. Seven a. m. would suit us very well for the arrival of west bound trains if we just knew that it would continue to come at that hour.

Farm Implements.

The Massey Mfg Co. have just received a carload of drills and broad-cast seeders, diamond toothed steel harrows and corvise harrows, garden drills, &c. They are now in the company's ware rooms on McTavish St., where Mr. Maw the obliging agent is always ready to show his stock to intending purchasers.

Presentations.

At the Central School yesterday afternoon his Lordship Bishop, Pinkham presented Willie L. Collins with a silver watch for general proficiency given by D. W. Davis, Esq., M. P., and a gold medal to Miss Louisa A. McNeill for regularity of attendance. Speeches were made by Bishop Pinkham, Rev. Mr. Betts, Mr. Reilly, Chairman of the Board of School Trustees and Amos Rowe Esq., who expressed themselves as very much pleased with the progress of the pupils. Several problems in Arithmetic Algebra and Geometry were done by Mr. Boag's pupils in a very creditable manner. At the close of the proceedings several songs were sung by the pupils led by Miss Dowling.

Prize Watch.

It will be remembered that our representative at Ottawa, by way of encouraging the pupils of the Calgary public school, offered a prize to the boy who obtained the highest place in general proficiency. Master Willie L. Collins was the meritorious youth. The prize has now arrived in the form of a 4 oz. case stem-winding silver watch, which bears the following inscription, "Presented by D. W. Davis, M. P., to Willie L. Collins, for general proficiency, Christmas, 1887." The watch is the best silver one on the famous Kent Bros. of Toronto list. It is warranted for five years. A formal presentation will be made at the school-house by Bishop Pinkham as soon as His Lordship returns from the west.

Church of England Notes.

The Bishop of Saskatchewan will leave on Monday morning to attend a quarterly meeting of the Board of Education to be held at Regina on Tuesday. He will spend a few days at Winnipeg and will then visit Southern Alberta for the consecration of churches, confirmation, and other Episcopal duties. His Lordship has arranged to spend Easter Day at Pincher Creek, where he is arranging to place a resident clergyman as soon as possible. He expects to return to Calgary about the middle of next month. Bishop Pinkham has arranged to transfer Rev. R. Inkster, missionary at the Sarcee Reserve, to a mission in Saskatchewan, and to place Rev. H. W. Gibbon-Stocken of the Blackfoot Reserve near Gleichen, at the Sarcee Reserve. Mr. George Girdale, who entered this week upon the duties of Lay Missionary at Anthracite, will take Mr. Stocken's place under Rev. J. W. Tims. These changes will not take place till about the first of May. Mr. Stocken will probably be advanced to the priesthood before the Bishop leaves for England.

resigned his position.

Dr. A. Henderson, formerly of Calgary, has resigned his position on the St. Paul, Minnea. O's & Manitoba Railway to take a similar position under Mr. J. M. Egan on the Chicago, St. Paul and Kansas City Railway. Mr. Shields, formerly divisional superintendent on the C. P. R. has also resigned and goes with his old superior officer, Mr. Egan. Mr. Egan seems to have a peculiar faculty of drawing off and taking the good blood with him when he makes one of his big moves from one road to another.

Presbyterian Church.

A meeting of the Presbytery of Calgary was held in Medicine Hat on Tuesday and Wednesday of this week. There were present Rev's Messrs. A. Robertson, J. C. Herdman, C. McKillop, A. H. Cameron and Jas. Herald, with Mr. Tweed, Representative Elder of the Medicine Hat congregation. A large docket of business was got through. Reports of mission work from all congregations within the bounds for the half-year just closing were presented. The total strength of the Presbytery is now 13 separate charges in all, extending from Medicine Hat to Revelstoke, and north and south. Estimates of grants needed for most of these fields were carefully made up and progress in the direction of self-support was noted. Rev. D. M. Gordon, of Halifax, late of Winnipeg, was nominated for Moderator of General Assembly and Rev. Jas. Herald and A. H. Cameron were appointed Commissioners to the Assembly from the Presbytery. A public meeting was held in the town hall on the evening of Wednesday and addressed by several members of the Presbytery, and so closed a pleasant and profitable session.

Children and Youths.

Our stock of children and youths clothing is now complete. Rankin & Allan's.

Children and Ladies.

Cleaning out childrens and ladies felt push hats at cost. Rankin & Allan's 10tf

Ladies.

A choice assortment of new Spring millinery will be opened out in a few days at Rankin & Allan's. 10-tf.

Gentlemen.

Our spring soft and hard hats are now to hand, splendid assortment and newest styles. Rankin & Allan's. m10-tf.

Plastering.

For brick work, stone work or plastering, call on Fraser, the general mason m1

Tailoring.

You ought to see Rankin & Allan's sample books of tweeds and paintings for spring and summer wear. The goods will be here soon. Call and make your selections while the lines are unbroken. 16tf

To Housekeepers.

If you wish cheap beds and bedding, tables, chairs, silverware, dishes, stoves, table linen, etc., in fact everything necessary to housekeeping, call at the HERALD office and save money. Must be sold in next ten days. m5tf

Photographs.

ROSS, photographer, Stephen Avenue has a choice lot of fancy frames, mats, &c., balance of Xmas stock, which he will sell at bottom figures to clear them out. Frames from 50c. up. All kinds of photos made from carte de visite to life size, the best in the Northwest. Call and see the fine lot of photos, large and small, on exhibition. Show room opposite Rogers' hardware store. j9tf

THE PHARMACY.

I HAVE IN BOTTLES OR BY THE PINT

THE FOLLOWING PURE FRUIT EXTRACTS:

- Ext. Peppermint,
- " Lemon,
- " Vanilla,
- " Strawberry,
- " Guiper,
- " Pine Apple,
- " Raspberry,
- " Ratifia,
- " Rennet.

TRY THEM.

Dispensing a Speciality.

NOTE.—When Store is Closed

Mr. Trott or Mr. Duncan may be found up-stairs. j26-mly

STEEL BROS & CO'S
SEEDS.
ALL LEADING MERCHANTS
STEEL BROS & CO.

GOLD!

Sceptics

May Laugh
At Facts,

—BUT—

Wise Men Catch On
and make money.

General Depression

In the Canadian Northwest is passing away.

General Prosperity

is fast taking its place.

Alberta

The Tenderloin of Canada.

Calgary

The Denver of Canada.

As Denver

Is the centrifugal city of Colorado.

So Calgary

Is the centrifugal city of Alberta.

Eighteen years ago Denver was about the size of Calgary. Today it has a population of over 80,000.

Alberta

Is equal to Colorado in everything that will make it a great Province, and

Superior

to Colorado in many natural resources.

Question.

What is going to make Calgary become a great city?

Answer.

1st. Its geographical position on the Canadian Pacific Railway and midway between

WINNIPEG AND VANCOUVER.

2d. The vast Mineral Wealth, consisting of Gold, Copper, Lead, Iron in the Rock Mountains to the west of Calgary, coupled with an unlimited supply of ANTHRACITE AND BITUMINOUS COAL, which is found all through Alberta, and is already being shipped in large quantities to San Francisco, which minerals and coal will make Calgary the smelting and manufacturing CITY OF CANADA.

3d. THE FINE WATER POWER which can be obtained from the two rivers that flow through the town.

4th. Millions of acres on the most fertile land in the world have been set apart by the Canadian Government for FREE HOMES. This land has been proved capable of producing very large crops of grain and vegetables in great variety, and of the finest quality without irrigation. Through these lands flow innumerable streams of the purest water, thus making Alberta a farming country second to none in the world, of which Calgary is now and will continue to be the capital and

COMMERCIAL CENTRE.

5th. THE CLIMATE is unequalled for its temperate and healthy character in the whole Northwest, being entirely free from severe storms, cyclones, blizzards and torrid heat, and is as much superior to the climate of Minnesota, Dakota and Manitoba as they are to Iceland.

6th. The fact that horses, cattle and sheep feed and fatten on the prairies the year round, the two latter when taken off the grass in February and March are equal to eastern stall fed animals.

7th. The inexhaustible supply of Pine, Cedar, Spruce, and other valuable woods of a size and quality such as never existed in the Eastern States, on the main line of Railway and banks of the rivers, to the west, which is floated in the log or brought in lumber by rail to Calgary and sold at low prices.

8th. The magnificent site of the town of Calgary, in a beautiful valley five miles long and two miles wide, with two crystal rivers 150 and 300 feet wide, flowing through it at five miles an hour, surrounded by fine sloping hills on which to build private residences. In the distance looms up in stately grandeur the peerless Rocky Mountains, and to the Bow river are numerous islands granted by the government to make Parks for this Gem City of the West.

The town, now only four years old, has a population of 3,000. In it are solid business blocks built of native free stone. There are also churches, schools, hotels. In every way first class for the age of the place. There are two daily newspapers, and the town is lighted with electricity. In fact it possesses all the evidence of steady growth and increasing wealth.

To those who wish to make investments in Real Estate in Calgary I am prepared to sell over 1,000 of the best located lots in town at prices ranging from \$30 to \$1,500 each. Possessing an intimate knowledge of the growth of the Northwestern States and Territories, I came to Calgary almost at the first and being convinced of its future greatness, at once made investments. I am the oldest, largest, and most experienced Real Estate dealer in Calgary, and feel confident I can sell property to all desiring to invest capital in this rapidly rising city at prices that will pay 50 to 100 per cent. within 12 months.

Correspondence solicited. All information asked will be furnished.

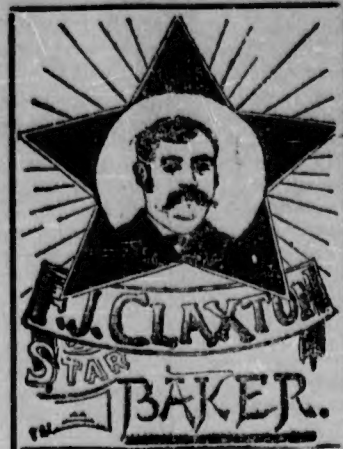
ROBERT H. MOODY,

Real Estate Agent,
Office, Stephen Avenue West,
Calgary, Alberta, Canada.

March 7, 11

Freshest Fruit.

Choicest Confectionery



Best Bread, Cakes & Pastry

HAS JUST RECEIVED

A Large Consignment of Choice

FRUITS & CONFECTIONERY,

ORANGES, CALIFORNIA AND FLORIDA,

LEMONS, SICILY AND CALIFORNIA,

Apples, Nuts, Cranberries, Dates and Figs.

FRESH OYSTERS

Three times a week from Montreal, the Finest Bar None

BREAD,

Cakes and Pastry in Endless Variety and the Best.

CLAXTON'S STAR BAKERY, Opposite Trott's Drug Store.

Feb 20-tf.

Artistic Tailoring

We are now prepared to fill orders for

SPRING CUSTOM TAILORING

Our Stocks is the Finest ever brought into the
NORTHWEST TERRITORIES.

We Guarantee

General Satisfaction !!

GIVE US A CALL.

Y. C. KITELEY & CO.,

Immediately Opposite S. Trott's Drug Store.

f20-tf

BOORNE & MAY,

Portraits all Sizes and Kinds

Photographers !!

Views All Sizes and kinds.

CALGARY

Office and Studio on McTavish Street.

STOCK SADDLES

To parties intending purchasing Saddles, come to

DUNCAN'S

His Saddles

RANK THE HIGHEST

In the Dominion, and Corresponding Prices Lower. We Manufacture our own Trees, consequently can sell lower than any manufacturer in the Dominion and Guarantee Satisfaction or no pay.

GEO. T. DUNCAN.

Feb. 14, 11

PUBLIC MEETING LAST NIGHT.

A Petition to be Circulated asking for a Delegation.

Pursuant to notice by the Mayor a public meeting was held in the Fire Hall to consider the question of sending a delegation to Ottawa to press upon the Government the claims of the District of Alberta and the town of Calgary as set forth in the several petitions which have been forwarded to the heads of departments and to our representatives in the Senate and House of Commons. The Mayor, A. E. Shelton, Esq., presided. The meeting was not as large as the importance of the subject to be considered should have brought out, but that was made up for in part by the representative character of those present. Mr. James Reilly, as one of the signers of the petition to the Mayor to call the meeting, was asked by the chairman to give his views on the subject which the meeting was called to discuss. Mr. Reilly spoke for about half an hour in his usual forcible and clear style. He said it was only with a great struggle he was able to beat the meeting. He had been invited to a party of bewitching progressive — but remembering the awful example furnished by history to all statesmen, that Nero fiddled while Rome burned, he tore himself away and came here to fight for Calgary's interests. He took the position that the town of Calgary was not at present fairly represented at Ottawa, in as much as the Member of the House of Commons for Alberta D. W. Davis, Esq., resides at the extreme south end of the District and our Senator Hon. R. Hardisty at the north end of the District leaving Calgary which is the most populous and wealthy town in the Territories practically without a voice in the legislative halls at Ottawa. He held that it could not be expected of these gentlemen who have the business of a vast territory to look after, to attend so thoroughly to the wants of Calgary as could be done if a delegation of Calgarians were sent to Ottawa to assist and strengthen the hands of our members in urging upon the government, that the wishes of the people as voiced by the joint petitions of the town council and board of trade should receive a fair consideration at the hands of the heads departments and parliament. Mr. Reilly dwelt earnestly on the great advantages to be gained by Alberta, provided, monopoly was done away with. He claimed that if the Territories were allowed to legislate for themselves and had power to build a Railway to the American frontier capital could be got for the project at once, and that the people of Montana would build a road up to the line to meet our line, giving a competitive railway route, tending to develop the country much faster than if we continued under the existing monopoly. Mr. Reilly felt sure that unless we sent a respectable delegation to Ottawa our petitions would not receive the same attention as if backed up by representative men who have the interest of Calgary at heart. He concluded an able speech by asking the meeting to authorize the Town Council to send a delegation to Ottawa at once, and he (Mr. Reilly) was willing to be taxed for his part of the expense of sending a delegation to the capital.

Mr. Carney spoke in disparaging terms of the Bill of Rights which he understood had been forwarded to Ottawa; he felt sure that though it might represent the views of the people of Calgary it did not at least on some points express the views of the people of the district. As he understood the Bill of Rights it asked for the removal of duty and quarantine on American cattle, the result of which would be to flood the country with American live stock to the injury of our own farmers and ranchers. Mr. Reilly replied to Mr. Carney's strictures stating that the bill of rights as they called it had been carefully thought out by gentlemen with whom Mr. Carney had for years considered it no disgrace to be intimately associated and that the document contained no reference to the cattle question in the way that Mr. Carney understood it, and further that if a delegation was sent it would be at the expense of the town and would cost the district nothing.

His Worship at this juncture read the bill of rights or rather petition whereupon Mr. Carney expressed satisfaction with the spirit and letter of the memorial.

Mr. Ede expressed himself as dissatisfied with the dilatory manner in which the interests of the town had been dealt with by the council, he thought the council should have acted at once after the former public meeting had passed a resolution in favor of sending a delegation to Ottawa, he thought the whole matter had been bungled and delayed too long, he was strongly in favor of sending men down to Ottawa at once and as a heavy ratepayer would cheerfully bear his part of the taxation to cover the expense and if the council would not send a delegation he would give \$50 himself towards defraying the expenses of a deputation.

Mr. A. Lucas stated that as he understood the petitions. There were two distinct sets of petitions. The one on territorial questions such as asking for

responsible government and aid to send an immigration agent to England expressly in the interest of the District of Alberta. The other petitions were of a local character such as asking for a courthouse and gaol, the N. W. M. P. Riding School and other local matters. He expressed himself in favor of sending a delegation from Calgary to Ottawa who would be authorized to deal with all these questions, informing the meeting at the same time that several places much smaller than Calgary were now sending delegations to Ottawa to look after their interests, among which were Banff, Medicine Hat, Prince Albert and Regina, he thought if this meeting was considered too small to represent the wishes of the taxpayers a committee should now be appointed to circulate a petition tomorrow asking the council to send a delegation to Ottawa. The mayor called upon Councillor Orr to explain what had been done so far with the petitions. Mr. Orr reviewed in a few words the steps that had been taken in regard to the petitions. Stating that when the idea was first brought up in the council by himself and Councillor Allen, a committee was appointed to draft petitions on six different subjects to the Ottawa Government. The work was divided up among sub-committees who drafted the petitions and submitted them to the whole committee who referred some of them back for alterations and amendments. These were revised and again submitted to the whole committee and approved. After this they were submitted to a public meeting and approved. At that same public meeting a resolution was passed favoring a delegation to Ottawa at the expense of the town. Mr. Orr said that the meeting was not largely attended and the council did not feel justified in incurring \$500 or \$1000 expenditure without a fuller expression of the peoples' wishes. Then the council tried to get passes from the C. P. R. for the delegation, but Mr. VanHorne declined to grant them. Then the council decided that unless the people more decidedly expressed a wish to have a delegation sent the only course open to them was to get the petitions printed and sent to Ottawa. This was done as fast as the Tribune and Herald offices could get the work through and Councillor Collins and himself had lost no time in forwarding them to our members at Ottawa, to the heads of the various departments to which the subjects belong, and to several other Senators and members with which he (Mr. Orr) was acquainted and to Mr. Loughheed. They had also been sent to all the newspapers in the Territories and Governor Dewdney. He further expressed his belief that it was not too late to send a delegation as the bill on Northwest legislation would only be introduced this week and would not likely receive its third reading for a month while the other matters could be dealt with by the various ministers to whose departments they belong any time during the session. As a rate-payer he was willing to stand his share of the cost of sending a delegation down, and as a councillor he was not only willing but anxious to carry out the wishes of the ratepayers if he could ascertain what these wishes are. It was then moved by A. Lucas, seconded by G. C. Marsh, that a committee of the mover, seconder, Thos. Ede and J. W. Cockle be appointed to circulate a petition to the Council asking them to send a delegation of not more than three to Ottawa. The petition was at once prepared and signed by a number of those at the meeting. Mr. Ford, Councillors Collins, Allan, and several others spoke during the discussion. If the petition is numerously signed it is likely a special meeting of the Council will at once be held to decide upon the persons to be sent.

EXCHANGES.

A Chicago exchange of March 3d says: "All the railroads of the upper peninsula are blockaded. The storm of Thursday and Friday was one of the most severe ever known. The snow fall was accompanied by a heavy gale and spread well down the southern peninsula where the railroads are badly crippled. The snow is from six to ten feet deep. No mails ventured out on Wednesday."

Fargo, Dak., March 7th exchanges says: "The storm is increasing in violence, snow drifting badly. No trains went west from this point on the Northern Pacific for the last two days."

The English Parliament seem determined to deal as vigorously with unruly members within as they have been doing without the walls of the Parliament buildings, and put an end to long-winded harangues indulged in by certain members for the sole purpose of obstructing the business of the country. It has been made a rule of the House that the speaker may decline to put obstructive motions; also that the majority necessary to enforce closure be reduced to 100, and to enable the speaker to order the withdrawal of unruly members. It is high time that the British Commons should respect itself and the gratification for which it legislates enough to put an end to the blatherkite kind of oratory which at some times has been thrust on the civilized members.

ROGERS Wholesale and Retail **Hardware.**

CALGARY, BANFF, COLDEN, B. C.

A. Ferland & Co General Wholesale and Retail Merchants

Special inducements to large buyers. Full lines of fresh Groceries always on hand. A well assorted stock of Clothing, Hats and caps, etc., Crockery and Glassware.

BOOTS AND SHOES

In Boots and Shoes we carry the largest stock and finest lines in the Territories. Full lines of moccasins and overshoes.

A. FERLAND & CO'Y.

Calgary, Alberta.

Business Chance.

An excellent chance to go into the Hotel Business.

The Windsor House, DONALD.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

The building is frame, 90x50, two-story high, and contains 17 separate bed rooms, and one large sleeping room with 13 beds. The Windsor is centrally located and is doing a good business, and will be sold with or without the furniture.

The license runs until June, the present year.

The whole will be sold for less than half the original cost.

Also 1 Piano (new), and 1 Pool Table. For further particulars address

James K. Ritchie,
On the premises,
Donald feb15tf B. C.

THE HALF-WAY HOUSE.

MR. J. HARPER'S NEW STAND

Will be found at the Mission Bridge.

EVERY ACCOMMODATION.

MEALS, REFRESHMENTS, ETC.

BOATS

Will be on hand to suit

PLEASURE,

Excursion and

Picnic Parties.

ISLAND HOME STAY.

Registries, Bathing, etc., etc. The Island Home Stay is a first-class establishment, and is situated on the shore of the lake, and is a most desirable place for a holiday. The building is of the latest construction, and is well furnished. The food is excellent, and the service is first-class. The price is very reasonable, and is well worth the money. The Island Home Stay is a most desirable place for a holiday, and is well worth the money.

3200
1600
1400
1000
450

THE DEAD

Fact is undisputed, and it is a certainty that we havenot

RAISED

our prices on hardware, coal oil, lamps or stoves

TO

make a cert profit. To sell everything cheap for cash has always been the aim of our

LIFE.

Remember,

Hardware,

Coal oil,

Stoves, Etc., Etc.,

Can only be had cheap for cash at

GRANT'S

